

Apr 12, 1864

Confederates recapture Fort Pillow,
Tennessee

Apr. 17, 1864

Grant stops prisoner exchange,
increasing the Confederate
manpower shortage.

April 22, 1864

The motto "On God We Trust" was authorized by Congress on the two-cent coin.

It has been in continuous use on the penny since 1909 and on the dime since 1916.

Apr. 30, 1864

Confederates defeat Federals at
Jenkins Ferry, Arkansas, and force
them to withdraw to Little
Rock.

May 3, 1864

On night of May 3, the Army of the Potomac began its advance by crossing the Rapidan without molestation and encamping May 4, 1864 in the Wilderness where Hooker had last year come to grief.

Lee who had watched Grant intently, permitted him to traverse the river unopposed, thinking that the Ford had

Delivered Grant into his hands because the confederates
knew the Wilderness

May 5, 1864

Lee (May 4, 1864) ordered concentration of his Army and with Napoleonic swiftness marched forward to dispute the advance of the enemy. On May 5, the forces came together in the Wilderness and a hot battle raged. The Confederates were numerically $\frac{1}{2}$ the Union strength but their better knowledge of the battleground & little use of Federal artillery rendered an equal combat; neither side

Gained an advantage

May 5-6, 1864

Battle of Wilderness, Virginia

May 5-7, 1864

1912 Dates J-BK

WILDERNESS, Va.

General Grant in his march toward Richmond was met by Lee and his confederates in a forest on the banks of the Rapidan in Virginia. Here they fought what is known as the Battle of the Wilderness. Both armies lost thousands of men, but neither side was really victorious and

on the 7th Grant continued his
march toward Richmond followed
by Lee

May 5-7, 1864

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Battle: Wilderness

Grant & Meade vs Lee

w 150,000

w 130,000 (*)

lost 15,387

lost 11,400

(*) This # should be about
 $\frac{1}{2}$ of this

May 6, 1864

Both Grant & Lee had determined to take the initiative. The battle was at an early hour. It progressed with varying fortune; each side gained successes at different moments and at different parts of the line. At one time the Confederate right wing was driven back and disaster seemed imminent, when Longstreet came up and saved the day.

A Texas brigade of Longstreet's corps went forward to charge. They had to send Lee back

This Confederate movement forward was stopped by the wounding of Longstreet by a shot from his own men.

Both generals claimed the advantage; both were disappointed in the result.

Union loss 17,666.

Next Day: Grant said to Meade, "Joe Johnston would have retreated after 2 days' punishment."